



Spring 2025 | Lecture 8

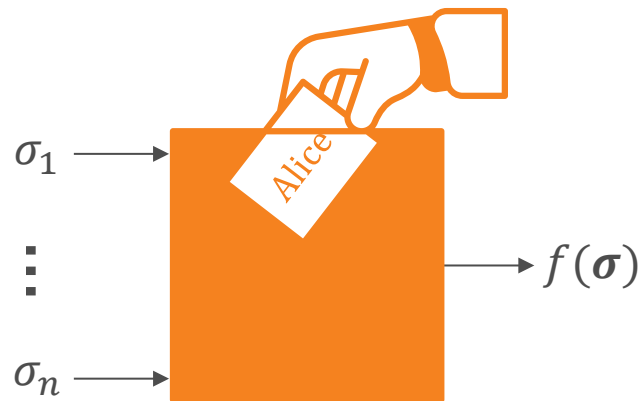
## The VCG Mechanism

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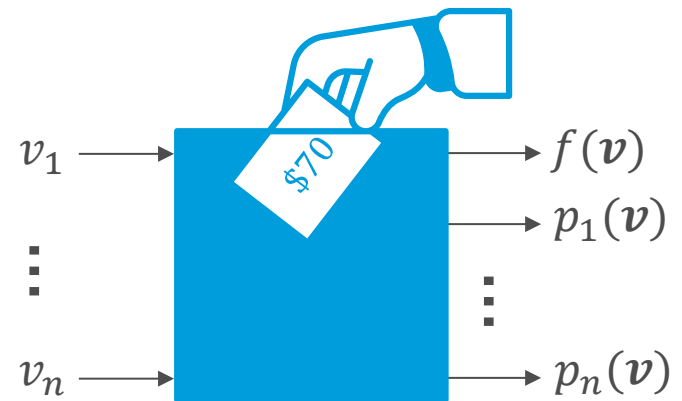
# MECHANISMS WITH PAYMENTS

- Consider a set of players  $N = \{1, \dots, n\}$  and a set of alternatives  $A$
- Each player  $i \in N$  has a **valuation function**  $v_i: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$
- Players have **quasi-linear utilities**: for  $x \in A$  and payment  $p_i \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $u_i(x, p_i) = v_i(x) - p_i$
- A (direct revelation) **mechanism**  $M = (f, p)$  takes as input a valuation profile  $\mathbf{v} = (v_1, \dots, v_n)$  and returns an alternative  $f(\mathbf{v})$  and payments  $p(\mathbf{v})$ , where  $p_i(\mathbf{v})$  is the payment of player  $i$

# VOTING RULES VS. MECHANISMS



Voting Rule



Mechanism with payments

# AUCTIONING A SINGLE ITEM

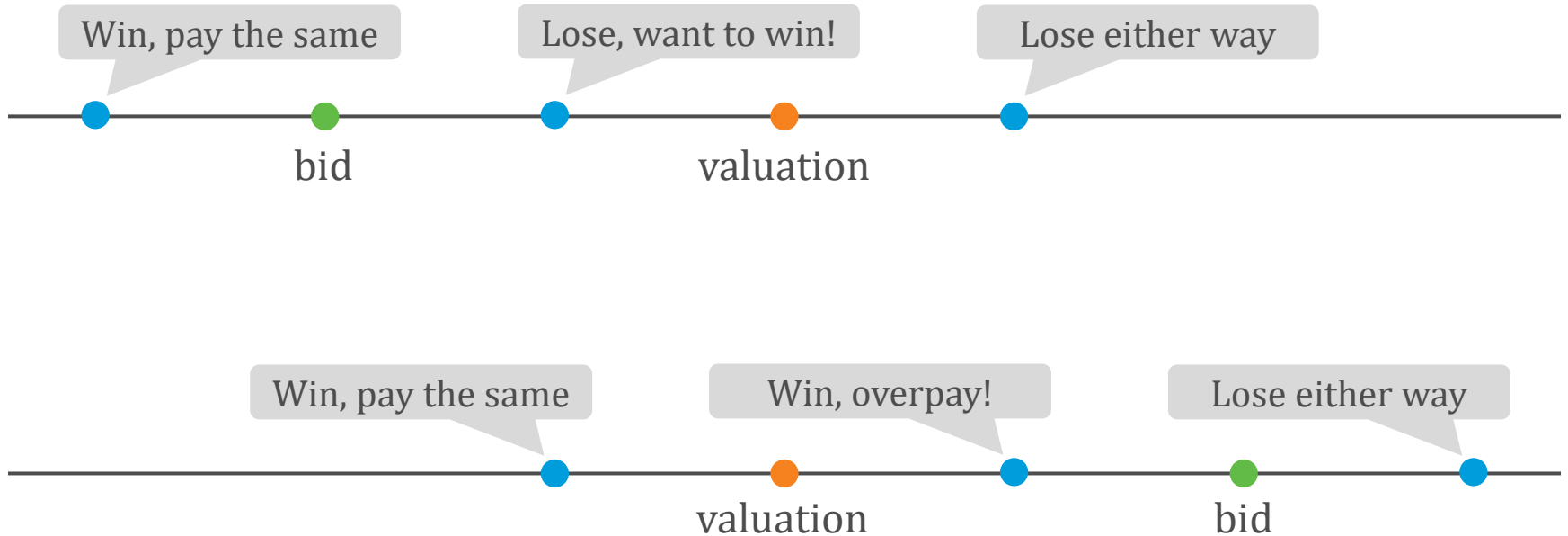
- There is one item and  $n$  players with bids  $b_1, \dots, b_n$ , the highest bidder gets the item; what should they pay?
- $A = \{a_1, \dots, a_n\}$ , where  $i \in N$  gets the item in alternative  $a_i$
- Valuations defined by
$$v_i(x) = \begin{cases} b_i, & x = a_i \\ 0, & x \neq a_i \end{cases}$$
- $f(\mathbf{v}) = a_i$  s.t.  $b_i = \max_{j \in N} b_j$
- **First price:**  $p_i(\mathbf{v}) = b_i, p_j(\mathbf{v}) = 0$  for  $j \neq i$
- **Vickrey:**  $p_i(\mathbf{v}) = \max_{j \neq i} b_j, p_j(\mathbf{v}) = 0$  for  $j \neq i$

# STRATEGYPROOFNESS

- A mechanism  $M = (f, p)$  is **strategyproof** if for all valuation profiles  $\mathbf{v}$ , for all  $i \in N$  and for all  $v'_i$ ,
$$u_i(f(\mathbf{v}), p_i(\mathbf{v})) \geq u_i(f(v'_i, \mathbf{v}_{-i}), p_i(v'_i, \mathbf{v}_{-i}))$$
- First-price auction is not strategyproof
- **Theorem:** The Vickrey auction is strategyproof

# VICKREY IS STRATEGYPROOF

Cases depend on highest other bid (in blue)





## William Vickrey

1914–1996

Professor of economics at Columbia.  
Also known for receiving the Nobel  
Prize posthumously.



# THE VCG MECHANISM

The **Vickrey-Clarke-Groves (VCG) Mechanism** is defined by:

- A **welfare-maximizing** choice rule,

$$f(\mathbf{v}) \in \operatorname{argmax}_{x \in A} \sum_{i \in N} v_i(x)$$

- A payment rule  $p$ , where  $A^{-i}$  is the set of alternatives that are available when  $i$  is not present, and

$$p_i(\mathbf{v}) = \max_{x \in A^{-i}} \sum_{j \neq i} v_j(x) - \sum_{j \neq i} v_j(f(\mathbf{v}))$$



# THE VCG MECHANISM: EXAMPLE

Consider an auction with one item, player 1 has value \$7 for getting the item and player 2 has value \$3

## Poll 1

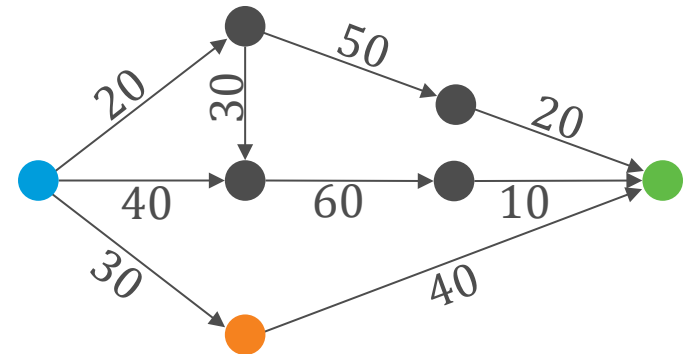
Under VCG, player 1 gets the item and pays:

- \$3
- \$4
- \$5
- \$6



# THE VCG MECHANISM: EXAMPLE

Alternatives are paths from blue to green, players are edges, each with a cost. Value of an edge is minus its cost if used.  $A^{-i}$  are paths that don't include the edge associated with player  $i$ .



## Poll 2

Under VCG, the blue-orange edge is paid:

- 0
- 50
- 60
- 90



# VCG IS STRATEGYPROOF

- **Theorem:** VCG is strategyproof
- **Proof:** Recall  $f(\mathbf{v}) \in \operatorname{argmax}_{x \in A} \sum_{j \in N} v_j(x)$ , the utility of player  $i$  is

$$\begin{aligned} & v_i(f(\mathbf{v})) - \left[ \max_{x' \in A^{-i}} \sum_{j \neq i} v_j(x') - \sum_{j \neq i} v_j(f(\mathbf{v})) \right] \\ &= \underbrace{\sum_{j \in N} v_j(f(\mathbf{v}))}_{\text{Maximized at } f(\mathbf{v})} - \underbrace{\max_{x' \in A^{-i}} \sum_{j \neq i} v_j(x')}_{\text{Independent of } v_i} \end{aligned}$$

# VCG IS INDIVIDUALLY RATIONAL

- For a mechanism  $M = (f, p)$ , denote by  $f(\mathbf{v}_{-i}) \in A^{-i}$  the outcome of the mechanism when  $i$  isn't present
- $M$  is **individually rational** if for any valuation profile  $\mathbf{v}$  and any  $i \in N$ ,  $u_i(f(\mathbf{v}), p_i(\mathbf{v})) \geq u_i(f(\mathbf{v}_{-i}), 0)$
- **Theorem:** VCG is individually rational
- **Proof:** The difference  $u_i(f(\mathbf{v}), p_i(\mathbf{v})) - u_i(f(\mathbf{v}_{-i}), 0)$  is

$$\begin{aligned} & v_i(f(\mathbf{v})) - \left[ \sum_{j \neq i} v_j(f(\mathbf{v}_{-i})) - \sum_{j \neq i} v_j(f(\mathbf{v})) \right] - v_i(f(\mathbf{v}_{-i})) \\ &= \max_{x \in A} \sum_{j \in N} v_j(x) - \sum_{j \in N} v_j(f(\mathbf{v}_{-i})) \geq 0 \blacksquare \end{aligned}$$