# 15-251 : Great Theoretical Ideas In Computer Science 

## Fall 2013

## Assignment 11

Due: Friday, Dec. 6, 2013 11:59 PM

Name: $\qquad$
Andrew ID:

| Question: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Points: | 35 | 20 | 10 | 35 | 10 | 110 |
| Score: |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 1. Don't Phear the Phi Phunction

Recall from lecture that $\phi(n)$ is the number of positive integers less than or equal to $n$ which are relatively prime to $n$.
(a) Show that if $\operatorname{gcd}(a, b)=1$, then $\phi(a b)=\phi(a) \phi(b)$

## Solution:

(b) Use the above formula and $\phi\left(p^{k}\right)=p^{k}-p^{k-1}, p$ is prime, to evaluate $3^{1201}+7^{2402}+$ $11^{3603} \bmod 1000$

## Solution:

(c) Use induction to show $\Sigma_{d \mid n} \phi(d)=n$ for any positive integer $n$.

## Solution:

## 2. Le Petit Fermat

Solve the following problems using Fermat's Little Theorem
(a) Prove that if 5 does not divide $n$, then $5 \mid n^{4}-1$

## Solution:

(b) Prove $12 \mid n^{2}-1$ if the $G C D(n, 6)=1$

Solution:
(c) Prove that if 5 does not divide $n-1, n$, or $n+1$, then $5 \mid\left(n^{2}+1\right)$

Solution:

## 3. You be the Menace

(a) Show that if $n$ is prime, then $(n-1)!=-1 \bmod n$.

Solution:
(5) (b) Show that if $n$ is not prime, then $(n-1)!\neq-1 \bmod n$.

## Solution:

## 4. Groups

(15)
(a) Show that if every element of a group has order 2 except the identity (which always has order 1), then the group is abelian.

## Solution:

(b) Show if $a$ and $b$ are elements of an abelian group and $a$ and $b$ have finite order, then $a b$ has finite order.

## Solution:

(c) Show that every subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic.

## Solution:

## 5. Extra Credit

(a) Prove that the language treg encoding the set of Turing machines that accept regular languages is undecidable.
[HINT: Show that if there existed a Turing machine $T$ that decided treg, then you could use it to solve the Halting problem. For this, on every input $(P, \omega)$ of the Halting problem, you must pass an appropriate Turing machine as an input to $T$.]

## Solution:

